# PROTEIN, URINE

## London Health Sciences Centre

Pathology and Laboratory Medicine

## Orderable - PRU

Turn Around Time: 4 hours

STAT: 1 hour

### Specimen:

Random urine

### **Collection Information:**

Collect a minimum of 5 mL of random urine in a sterile container.



Requisition: GENERAL LABORATORY REQUISITION



Method of Analysis: Turbidimetric

Laboratory: Core Lab

#### **Reference Ranges:**

Reference range for urine protein:	
0.0 – 0.15 g/L	
Reference ranges for protein:creatinine ratio:	
Children and adults:	<23 mg/mmol creatinine
Pregnant women:	<30 mg/mmol creatinine



Test Schedule: As required

#### **Interpretive Comments:**

Useful in the evaluation of renal disease. Screening for monoclonal gammopathy. Increased amounts of protein in the urine may be due to: (1) Glomerular proteinuria: caused by defects in the glomerular filtration barrier permeability (e.g. glomerulonephritis or nephrotic syndrome); (2) Tubular proteinuria: inadequate tubular reabsorption of proteins (e.g. interstitial nephritis); (3) Overflow proteinuria: caused by increased plasma concentration of protein(s) (e.g. multiple myeloma, myoglobinuria); and (4) Urinary tract inflammation or tumour

#### **Comments:**

Contamination of urine with menstrual blood, prostatic secretions, or semen may contribute to increased urine protein levels (false-positives).