## DIDYOUKNOW?

If you have cancer, you are at increased risk for developing blood clots also called Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)

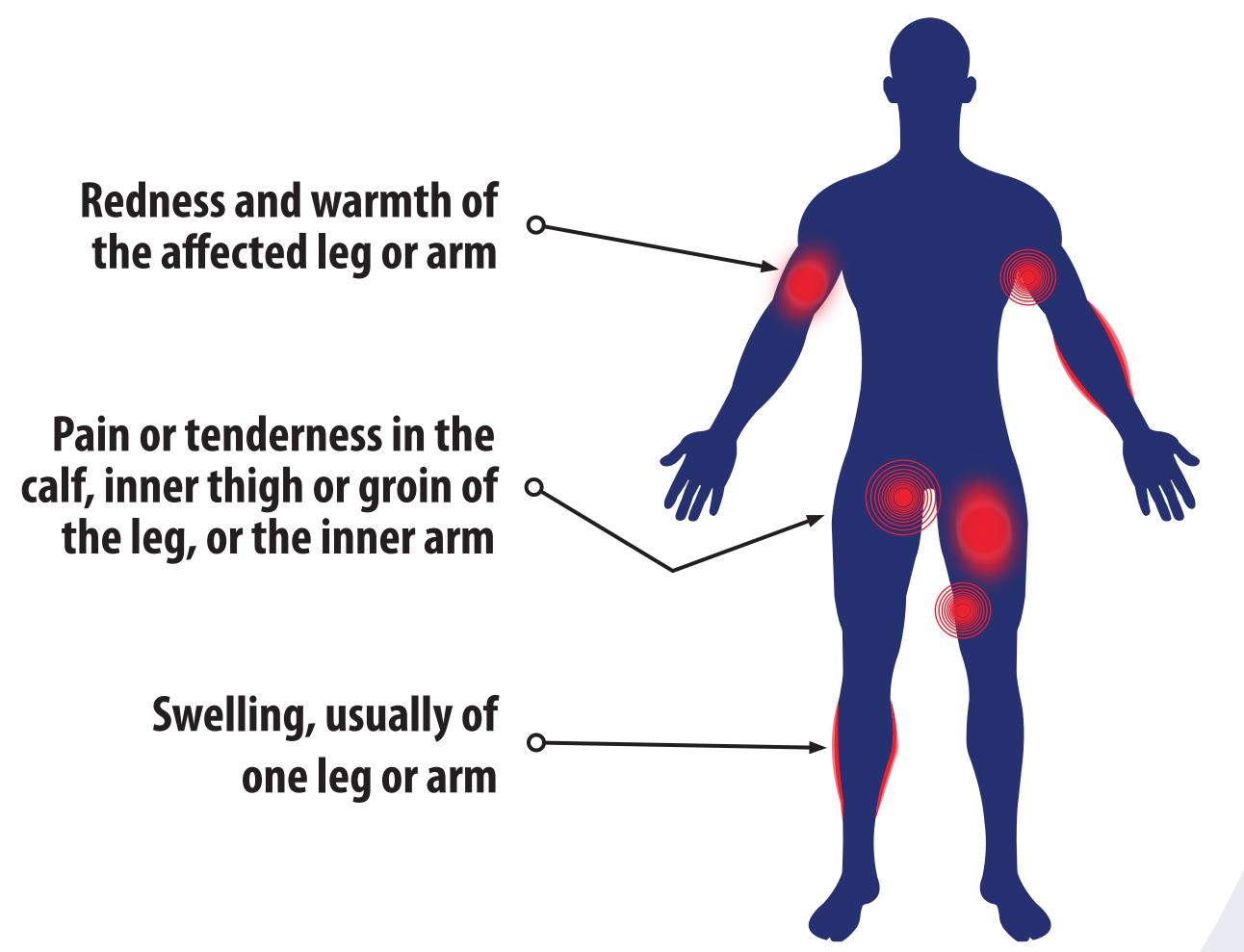
VTE is the second leading cause of death in patients with cancer



**Blood clots can form inside your veins.** 

When one becomes big enough to block the blood flow, it's called a VTE.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A BLOOD CLOT IN THE LEG OR THE ARM, ALSO CALLED DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS (DVT)

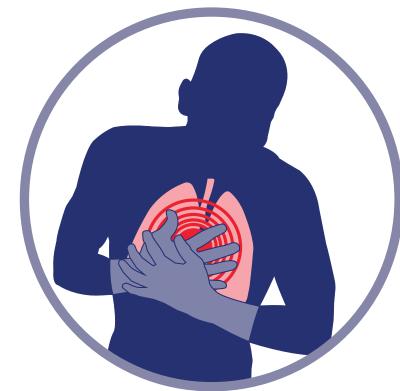




## SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A BLOOD CLOT IN THE LUNG, ALSO CALLED PULMONARY EMBOLISM (PE)



Shortness of breath



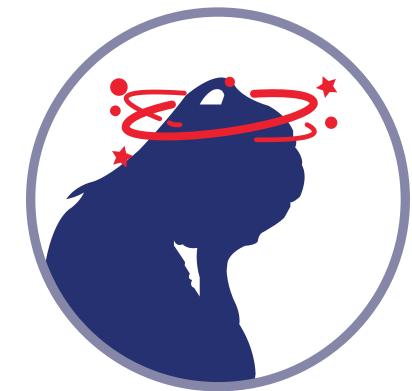
Chest pain with breathing



Coughing up blood or pink, foamy mucus



Elevated heart rate



Feeling faint or passing out

## WHY ARE YOU AT RISK FOR VTE?

When diagnosed with cancer, multiple factors can further increase your risk of developing a VTE:

- The type of cancer
- The location and stage of your cancer
- The type of treatments you are receiving
- Major surgeries

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