## Antibiogram - 2024 Chatham-Kent Health Alliance

## **Interpretation Guide**

- The antibiogram is an annual cumulative report of the antimicrobial susceptibility rates of common pathogens recovered from patients receiving care at Chatham-Kent Health Alliance facilities and is to be used as a resource to inform empirical antimicrobial therapy.
- Susceptibility rates are calculated from the compilation of susceptibility results from all 'first' clinical isolates of a specific pathogen recovered from an individual patient per 30-day period. The rationale for this referral period is based on the need to represent 'wild-type' susceptibility profiles and avoid over-representing antimicrobial resistance that may develop de novo during a patient's prolonged hospital stay.
- Susceptibility rates for pathogens or clinical scenarios represented by less than 30 isolates are not calculated due to their limited statistical significance and interpretive value.
- The appropriateness of empiric therapy is highlighted using a colour range that corresponds to susceptibility rates. Green, 80-100%; Yellow, 70-79%; Red, <70%.

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Organism	Number of Isolates	Ampicillin	Amoxacillin-Clavulanate	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Cloxacillin	Cephalexin (urinary tract)	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Imipenem	Meropenem	Ciprofloxacin	Clindamycin	Doxycycline	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	TMP-SMX	Vancomycin
Escherichia coli	1010	61	81			86	74	89		100		79			93	92	83	
Klebsiella pneumoniae complex	248		90			91	85	92		97		89			96	96	90	
Proteus mirabilis	84	86	95					98			100	86			80	82	89	
Enterobacter cloacae complex	58									98		95			100	98	97	
Klebsiella oxytoca	40		88					90		100		95			100	95	95	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	112			82					82	64	80	80						
Staphylococcus aureus (incl. MRSA)	389				75								81	100			100	100
MRSA	98				0								90	100			100	99